Antenna Product Specifications

SLG1252SH27N

1.2m High Performance Low Profile Antenna, dual-polarized, 5.25÷5.85 GHz



CHARACTERISTIC

General Specifications

Antenna Type High Performance Low Profile Antenna,

Dual-Polarized Antenna

Diameter, nominal 1.2m / 4ft

Polarization Dual

Reflector Construction One-piece reflector

Antenna connector N-female
Antenna Color RAL7035
Radome Color RAL7047
Radome Material Description ABS

Electrical Specifications

Frequency 5.25÷5.85 GHz

Gain, Top 33.2 dBi 32.8 dBi Gain, Mid 32.4 dBi Gain, Low Front-to-Back Ratio 54 dB Cross Polar Discrimination (XPD) 30 dB 3° Beamwidth **VSWR** 1.5 ISO 35dB Return Loss 14 dB

Regulatory Compliance ETSI EN 302 217 Range 1 Class 2

Mechanical Specification

Wind Velocity Operational 198km/h Wind Velocity Survival Rating 250km/h

Fine Azimuth Adjustment Coarse360° Fine ±10°

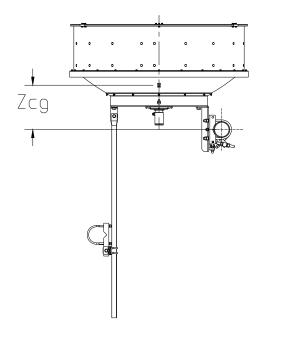
Fine Elevation Adjustment Fine $\pm 10^{\circ}$ Mounting Pipe Diameter $\Phi 114 \text{ mm}$ Ice-load 25.4 mm Operational Temperature $-45 \div +70 ^{\circ}$ $^{\circ}$

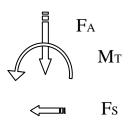
Side Struts, Included 1
Net Weight 43 kg

Wind Forces at Wind Velocity Survival Rating

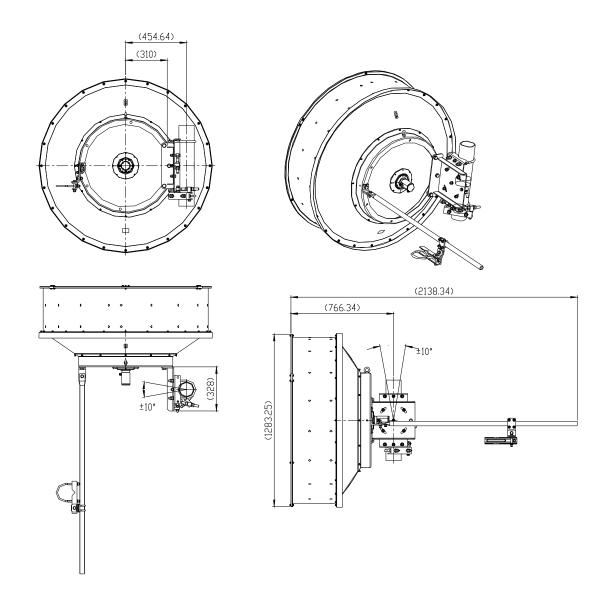
Axial Force(FA) 4492 N
Side Force(FS) 2217 N
Twisting Moment(MT) 2044 N • m
Zcg without Ice 220 mm
Zcg with 1"(25.4mm) Ice 335 mm
Weight with 1"(25.4mm) Ice 125 kg

Wind Forces at Wind Velocity Survival Rating Image





Antenna Dimensions and Mounting Information



Fine Azimuth Adjustment

Fine Elevation Adjustment

Mechanical Torque

Diameter of screw (mm)	8	10	12	14	16
Torque Value (N • m)	11.3	21.9	38.2	62.5	93.1

RoHS Compliance

This product and its packaging are compliant to the DIRECTIVE 2002/95/EC of the EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT and of the COUNCIL of 27 January 2003 (RoHS) on the restriction of the use of hazardous substances as defined on RoHS Directive.

Footnotes

Avial Faras (FA)	Maximum forces exerted on a supporting structure
Axial Force (FA)	Maximum forces exerted on a supporting structure as a result of wind from the most critical direction
	for this parameter. The individual maximums
	specified may not occur simultaneously. All forces
	are referenced to the mounting pipe.
Cross	The stated unit is dB. It is refer to the difference of
Polarization	levels between co-polar and cross-polar within
Discrimination (XPD)	range of 3dB BW.
Front to Back Ratio	It refers to the ratio between peak level and the
	lowest back lobe at $180^{\circ}\pm60^{\circ}$; The F/B Ratio of
	existing products are unable to exceed 2dB as against stated values unless other specific
	against stated values unless other specific declarations.
Gain, Mid Band	It denotes the gain of centre frequency in operated
,	frequency band. The average value of stated three
	frequencies at mid-band as well as bottom and top
	frequency bands is gain of antenna.
Half-Power BW	Denote the nominal total width of main beam at the
0 " 5 5 1	-3dB points.
Operating Frequency Band	Bands correspond with ITU-R recommendations
	or common allocations used throughout the world. Other ranges can be accommodated on.
Packing	Standard packing is suitable for export. Antennas
1 doking	are shipped as standard in totally recyclable
	material.
Radiation Pattern Envelope	Radiation patterns determine an antenna's ability
Reference (RPE)	to discriminate against unwanted signals under
	conditions of radio congestion. Radiation patterns
	are dependent on antenna series, size, and
	frequency.

Return Loss The figure that indicates the proportion of radio

waves incident upon the antenna that are rejected

as a ratio of those that are accepted.

Side Force (FS) Maximum axial forces exerted on support

structures by side struts as a result of a 240 km/h wind from the most critical direction and extreme angle permitted. The forces are a component of, not in addition to, the maximum forces specified

above.

Twisting Moment (MT) Maximum forces exerted on a supporting structure

as a result of wind from the most critical direction for this parameter. The individual maximums specified may not occur simultaneously. All forces

are referenced to the mounting pipe.

VSWR Refer to the maximum Voltage Standing Wave

Ration in frequency band of operation.

Wind Velocity Operational The antenna axis deflection is less than one third

of the half power beam width at the highest

frequency which occurs.

Wind Velocity Survival Rating The antenna sub-system will survive the specified

survival wind speed without any permanent

deformation or change of shape.